



# Slim Hostile Logging System (HostileLog)

PI Data Acquisition System (PIDAS) Telemetry & Gamma Ray-Slim Hostile (TGT-SH) Orientation Tool-Slim Hostile (ORT-SH) Compensated Neutron Tool-Slim Hostile (CNT-SH) Litho-Density Logging Tool-Slim Hostile (ZDT-SH) Acoustic Tool-Slim Hostile (ACT-SH) Four Arms Caliper-Slim Hostile (FAC-SH) Dual Lateralog Tool-Slim Hostile (DLT-SH) Micro Spherical Focused Laterolog Tool-Slim Hostile (MSF-SH) Array Induction Tool-Slim Hostile (AIT-SH) Temperature/Tension/Mud Resistivity Tool-Slim Hostile (TTR-SH) Motor Push Sub-Slim Hostile (MPS-SH) Pipe Conveyed Logging Tool-H (PCL-H)





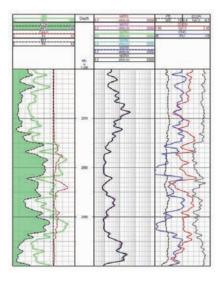
- Formation evaluation and lithology identification: slim boreholes, high pressure and high temperature wells, extended-reach wells, re-entry wells.
- Pipe Conveyed Logging Tool-H (PCL-H)
- High temperature and high pressure (HPHT) formation evaluation method in slim hole well.

#### **Benefits**

Reduce operating costs by improving reliability, combinability and quick rig operation.

#### **Features**

The IDP-SH (96 mm) can be used in a 4.5 in. borehole. The stable spectrum measurement combines as one of the grand slam logging.



#### Introduction

HostileLog is used in logging under high temperature, high pressure, small borehole and harsh environments.

These serials tools have high temperature sensors and corrosion-resistant components thus can be operating at high temperature and high pressure conditions 430°F (220°C), 25000 psi (172.4 MPa) / 30,000 psi (207 MPa) (Advanced) for 8 hours. Without flask, HostileLog can continuously work at 350 °F (177°C) temperature for more than 36 hours and provide high-quality logging data with PIDAS data acquisition system.

HostileLog can be combined with Pipe Conveyed Logging Tool-H (PCL-H) system for horizontal well operations.

#### **General Specifications**

Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure Diameter Minimum Hole Diameter Maximum Hole Diameter Maximum Logging Speed 430°F (220°C) 8 hours 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) / 30,000 psi (206.9 MPa) Advanced 2.875 in. (73 mm) / 3.125 in. (79 mm) Advanced 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 16 in. (406.4 mm) 18 m/min

\* ZDT-SH/IDP-SH has limitation with 400°F (200°C) rating.
\* Continuously long time work with no flask under the temperature of 350°F (175°C).

#### DOWNHOLE TOOLS

Telemetry & Gamma Ray-Slim Hostile (TGT-SH) Orientation Tool-Slim Hostile (ORT-SH) Compensated Neutron Tool-Slim Hostile (CNT-SH) Litho-Density Logging Tool-Slim Hostile (ZDT-SH) Acoustic Tool-Slim Hostile (ACT-SH) Four Arms Caliper-Slim Hostile (FAC-SH) Dual Lateralog Tool-Slim Hostile (DLT-SH) Micro Spherical Focused Laterolog Tool-Slim Hostile (MSF-SH) Array Induction Tool-Slim Hostile (AIT-SH)

#### **OPTIONAL TOOLS**

Telemetry & Spectrolog Tool-Slim Hostile (TST-SH) Inline Density Logging Pusher (IDP-SH)

#### **AUXILIARY TOOLS**

Temperature/Tension/Mud Resistivity Tool-Slim Hostile (TTR-SH) Casing Collar Locator-Slim Hostile (CCL-SH) Cablehead-Slim (CHS) Flex Joint Sub-Slim Hostile (FJS-SH) Swivel Sub-Slim Hostile (FJS-SH) Motor Push Sub-Slim Hostile (MPS-SH) Pressure Isolation Sub-Slim Hostile (PIS-SH) Mass Isolator Sub-Slim Hostile (MIS-SH) Insulation Sub-Slim Hostile (ISS-SH) Four-Arms Centralizer Sub-Slim Hostile (FCS-SH) Decentralizer Sub-Slim Hostile (DCS-SH) Pipe Conveyed Logging Tool-H (PCL-H)

# Gen-Vista

#### Features

- The system records the data including the original signal of the instrument, calibrated engineering value and the processed data. Because the original signal of the instrument is recorded, the logging data could be reprocessed by different parameters if required.
- All of the calibration value and verification value could be displayed by the operator, therefore, it is easy to confirm; the value of the super-value will flash, causing the operator's attention.
- Repeated curves can be real-time displayed on the main logging curves to verify the repeatability of the curves.
- Real-time plotting of cross-plot graphs allows the operator to verify the correctness of the logging response which is based on the expected model.
- Real-time environmental correction eliminates the subjective assessment of the operator's quality control process.
- Real-time similarity correction verifies the integrity of the acoustic waveform data.
- Using personnel safety and data protection systems.
- Reduces wellsite operating time and ensure system reliability by using advanced computer technology and redundant design simplify data acquisition and processing.

\* Telemetry : MGTS

SGTS RGTS

#### Wireline Perforating Panel (WPP)

#### **Features**

- Wide voltage input (100 Vac-240 Vac)
- With safety switch
- PFC power supply is up to 150 V, and perforating and coring power supply adopts the mode of external DC power supply
- The polarity of perforating and coring voltage is adjustable

#### Introduction

The **(**PI Data Acquisition System (**(**PIDAS) is designed for data acquisition and processing in combination with Open-hole and Cased Hole tool. This I PIDAS is based on portable notebook as a host and remote transmission system with high-speed data communication.







#### **Specifications**

Physical Dimensions & Weights	
Height	29.13 in. (740 mm)
Depth	29.33 in. (745 mm)
Width	27.56 in. (700 mm)
Shipping Weight	160.9 lbs. (73 kg)
Environmental Characteristics	
Operating Temperature	0°C~+50°C
Storage Temperature	-20°C~+75°C
Relative Humidity	< 95%
Vibration (3D)	3 g 10-60 Hz (When not working)
Shock (3D)	3 g 10-60 Hz (When not working)
System Power Supply	85-265 Vac, 43 Hz-70 Hz
Downhole Instrument Power Supply	
AC Power	0-720 Vac, 2 A, 1440 W
	0-1440 Vac, 1 A, 1440 W

DC Power

#### System Composition

Portable surface logging system is divided into: data acquisition system, power supply system and other major parts. The functions of each part is as follows:

0-1000 Vdc, 2 A, 2000 W

1. Surface Data Acquisition System: the computer is the core, controlled by several loaded software, to complete a variety of logging operations. Such as the processing, recording, display, quality control and fast processing and interpretation of logging data on the wellsite. Including: PC, Wireline Acquisition Panel (WAP).

2. Power Supply System provides power to the surface system and downhole equipment. Currently, logging power supply system usually use vehicle generators or wellsite power.

3. Hoist Display Unit (HDU) is the display unit for the Surface System. Equipped with a color LCD touch screen display, the unit provides a continuous display of depth information. In addition, HDU also displays other variables monitored and provides a visual and audible alarm when any of these variables are outside a preset range.



#### **Features**

Used for a variety of downhole instruments for openhole and cased hole with different modules.

PI Data Acquisition System (PIDAS)

Post-processing & presentation management (FileView)

PI Wireline Formation Sampling and Testing System (PIWST)

·PI Formation Coring Software

(PIWST-FCT)

•PI Mechanical Sidewall Coring Software (PIWST-MSC)

·PI Reservoir Characterization Tester

Software (PIWST-RCT)

·PI Formation Test, Fluid Analysis,

Pump-Thru Software (PIWST-FFP)

PI Production and Engineering Logging System (PIPES)

·PI Down Hole Camera Software (PIPES-DHC)

•PI Free Point Indicator Software (PIPES-EPI)

•PI Mechanical Downhole Cutter (PIPES-MDC)

•PI Rotary Magnet Ranging Software (PIPES-RMR)

 PI Gyroscope Orientation Software (PIPES-GOT)

•PI Downhole Casing & Tubing Tractor Software (PIPES-CTT)

·PI Downhole Hydraulic Tractor Software (PIPES-DHT)

·PI MFI Logging System (PIPES-MFI)

•PI Memory Acquisition and Processing Software (PIPES-MAP)

PI Vertical Seismic Profile System (PIVSP)

Microseismic monitoring data processing and interpretation software (MMDPI)

PI Logging While Drilling System (PILWD)

·PI Rotary Steerable Software

·PI LWD Data Presentation Software

·PI LWD Remote Monitoring Software

Using multi-window to display nuclear

logging equipment which is obtained by the spectrum, acoustic and imaging instruments. These windows can be controlled by the user, in order to display the original data or the processed data, so that, the operator can control the quality of the real-time logging data.

Provides Multi-tasking and distributed processing at the wellsite, improving log data integrity and wellsite efficiency.

#### **PIDAS Software Introduction**

The PIDASView software contains two parts: **PIDAS** software and FileView software. Each part can run independently.

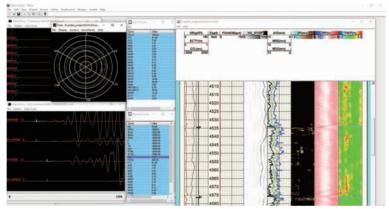
The **PIDAS** software is a control acquisition processing system based on WINDOWS with multi-task & multi-user, and using a large number of modern image processing technology.

The control acquisition processing system is used to acquire and process various signals of the downhole logging instrument detectorand to control other functions of the downhole instrumentand converts the acquired signals to engineering values and provides the logging data required by the user.

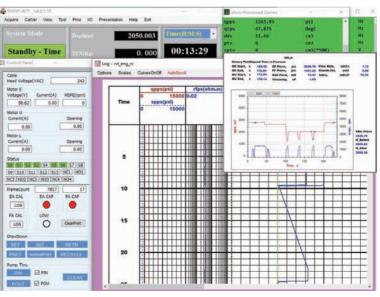
By equipment array, imaging and large information, real-time logging data acquisition, control and processing achieve multi-parameter acquisition and multi-task time-sharing processing.

**PIDAS** software can be used for a variety of downhole instruments for openhole and cased hole with different modules.

The FileView is a post-processing and presentation software. It can support the basic functions, such as the heading, toolstring, well sketch, calibration, parameters, log plot, data convert, etc. Also, it can provide the data analysis and processing, 2D, 3D, cross plot, compose plot, etc. advanced functions.

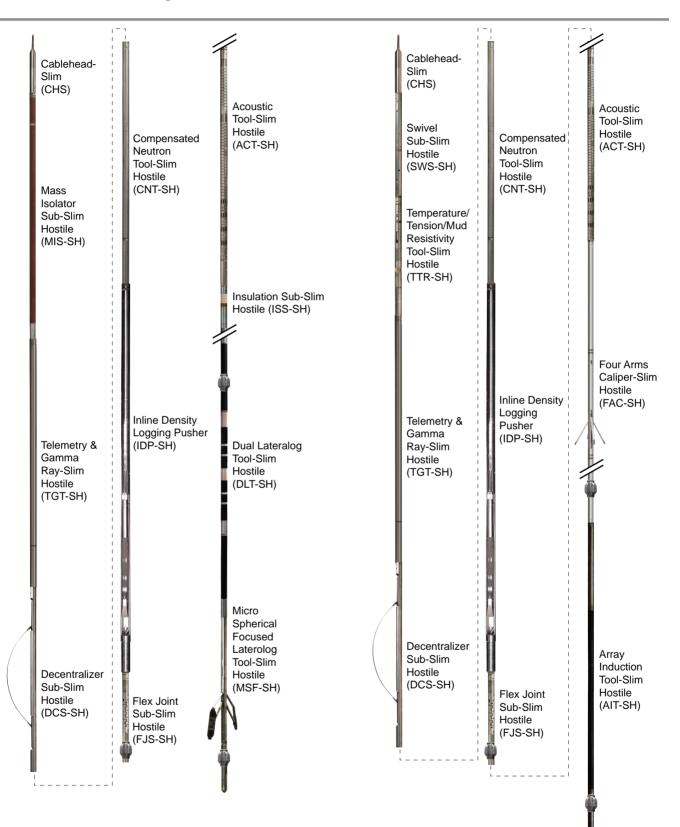


USI-G/CBL/VDL service by PI Data Acquisition System module



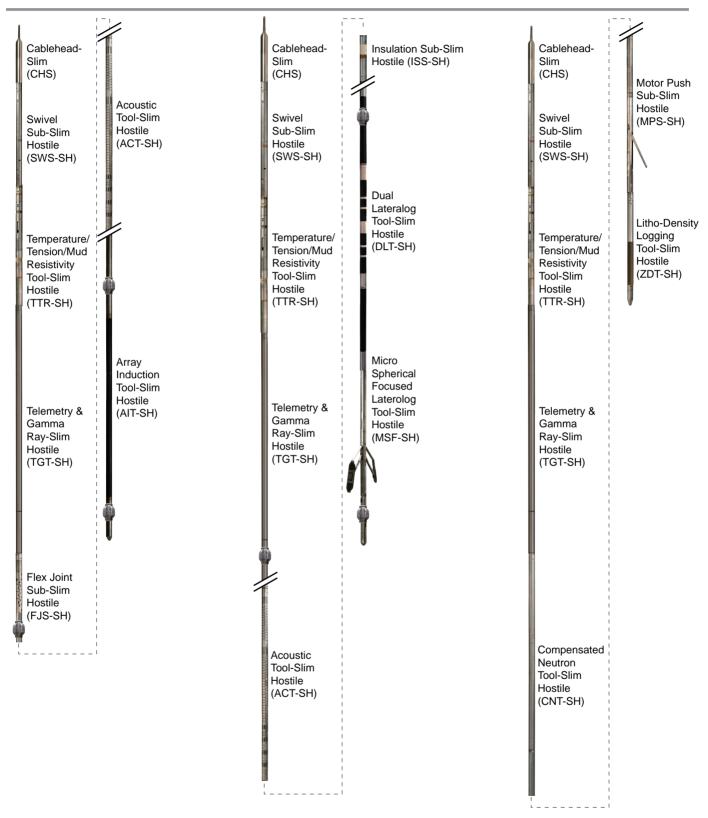
Pressure Test and Sampling service by PI Reservoir Characterization Tester Software PIWST-RCT module

# Slim Hostile Logging System (HostileLog) Geo-Vista Combinability



Some examples of possible tool combinations

# Slim Hostile Logging System (HostileLog) Geo-Vista Combinability



Some examples of possible tool combinations

# Geo-Vista

#### **Features**

- Equipped with a safety switch to ensure safe operation.
- Power supply to GR and CCL instruments, the voltage is up to 160 Vdc.
- Adjust the polarity of the power supply
- Both hands must be used simultaneously for perforation and coring to ensure the safety of the operation.
- Using an external DC power supply, the perforation voltage and current no limited by this panel.
- With BYPASS mode, connected with any system.
- Perforation and coring functions, no more panels required.
- Provide a powerless CCL visual indication and signal conditioning

#### Introduction

Wireline Perforating Panel (WPP) is used for Perforating Control, Coring Control, PFC (Perforating Formation Correlation) power supply for Gamma Ray and CCL, Powerless CCL. It is the first panel connected to the cable drums, and suitable for 7-Conductor and Mono-conductor cable.



#### **Specifications**

Physical Specifications	
Length	17.7.00 in. (45 cm)
Width	19 in. (48.26 cm)
Height	5.3 in. (13.35 cm)
Weight	22.05 lbs. (10 kg)
Electrical Parameters	

Electrical Parameters AC Input PFC Output Voltage

100-265 Vac / 47-63 Hz 0-160 Vdc

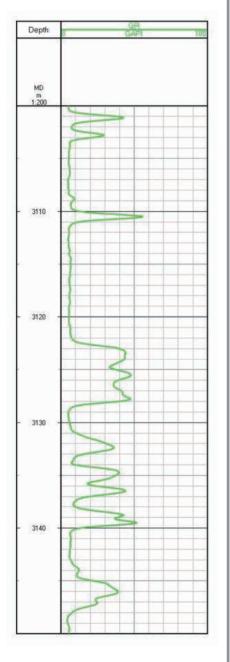
Environmental Specifications Operating Temperature Range Storage Temperature Range Maximum Humidity

32°F (0°C) to 104°F (+40°C) -4°F (-20°C) to 158°F (+70°C) 95%

# Geo-Vista

#### **Applications**

- Depth correction
- Data control
- Lithology identification
- Measuring bed thickness



#### Introduction

This tool is the downhole telemetry interface tool. The primary function of the TGT-SH is communicating surface system and down hole toolstrings. The secondary function is to acquire data from several sensors located in its electronic cartridge and outside of it including natural gamma-ray, temperature / tension / mud resistivity from TTR.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure

Tool Diameter

Minimum Hole Diameter Maximum Hole Diameter Make-up Length Shipping Length Weight Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compressive Force Maximum Logging Speed Gamma Ray Energy Range Accuracy

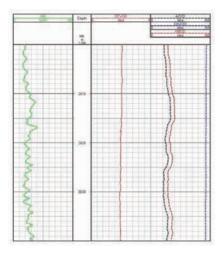
Measure Point Power Requirements: Operating Voltage & Current Wireline Requirements

430°F (220°C) 8 hours 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) 30,000 psi (206.9 MPa) Advanced 2.875 in. (73 mm) 3.125 in. (79 mm) Advanced 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 16 in. (406.4 mm) 9 ft.-0.12 in. (2.75 m) 10 ft.-3.08 in. (3.13 m) 75.85 lbs. (34.4 kg) 100,000 lbs. 100,000 lbs. 200 ft./min (60 m/min) 0.06 to 3.5 MeV GR: ±3% of measured value (accuracy compares measured values with true values) 1 ft.-1.7 in. (448 mm) from bottom of sub

180 Vac, 55 mA 7-Conductor Cable



Continuously establishes the position of the toolstring



#### Introduction

This tool is a general-purpose borehole orientation logging device. It continuously establishes the position of the tool string with respect to vertical and magnetic north. It acquires digital signals of three orthogonal accelerometers, three orthogonal magnetometers, and temperature, which comprises the sensor package.

#### **Specifications**

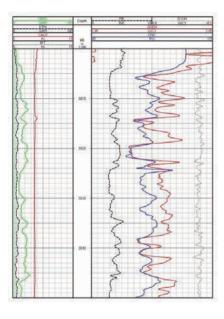
Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure

Length Weight Diameter

Minimum Hole Diameter Maximum Logging Speed Data Transmission Sensor Accuracy Azimuth Deviation Drift Azimuth Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compressive Force 430°F (220°C) 8 hours 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) 30,000 psi (206.9 MPa) Advanced 9.97 ft. (3.04 m) 100 lbs. (45 kg) 2.875 in. (73 mm) 3.125 in. (79 mm) Advanced 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 125 ft./min (38 m/min) MGTS

± 1.5 degrees ± 0.25 degrees ± 1.5 degrees 100,000 lbs. 100,000 lbs.

- Indicate formation porosity in open or cased boreholes.
- Dividing reservoir.
- Distinguish gas reservoir.



#### Introduction

The CNT-SH measures the hydrogen index of downhole formations. The measurements are converted to porosity values, which in combination with density tool measurements provide an indication of lithology and gas in zones of interest.

The CNT-SH contains a radioactive source that bombards the formation with fast neutrons. Detectors count the slowed neutrons deflected back to the tool. CNT-SH uses two thermal detectors to produce a borehole-compensated thermal neutron measurement.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure

#### Tool Diameter

Minimum Hole Diameter Maximum Hole Diameter Make-up Length Shipping Length Weight Maximum Logging Speed Typical Logging Speed Measuring Range \* Accuracy

\* Repeatability Depth of Investigation Vertical Resolution

Measure Point Short Spacing Long Spacing

Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compressive Force Wireline Requirements **Operating Voltage and Current** at Cablehead Detector or Sensor Type Source Type Source Strength

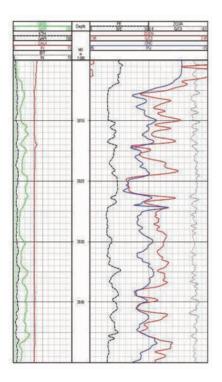
430°F (220°C) 8 hours 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) \* Radioactive source 30,000 psi 30,000 psi (206.9 MPa) Advanced \* Radioactive source 35,000 psi 2.875 in. (73 mm) 3.125 in. (79 mm) Advanced 3.5 in. (89 mm) 12 in. (305 mm) (limited by decentralizer) 8.0 ft.-9.0 in. (2.67 m) 9 ft.-11.96 in. (3.05 m) 106.26 lbs. (48.2 kg) 60 ft./min (18 m/min) 30 ft./min (9 m/min) -3 to 70 Limestone Porosity Units (p.u.) ± 0.5 p.u. below 7 p.u. porosity ± 7% of recorded value above 7 p.u. porosity ±1.5 p.u. @ 15% Limestone porosity 12 in. (304.8 mm) 28 in. (711.2 mm) given proper formation contrast above and below zone of interest

1 ft.-10.23 in. (564.7 mm) 2 ft.-2.97 in. (685.2 mm) (both measurements are from the bottom of tool) 100,000 lbs. 44,500 lbs. 7-Conductor Cable

180 Vac @ 30 mA approx He-3 tube Am 241-Be 9 18 Curies - 4.5 MeV



- Porosity determination
- Lithology analysis and identification of minerals
- Gas detection
- Hydrocarbon density determination
- Shaly sand interpretation
- Rock mechanical properties calculations



#### Introduction

The ZDT-SH measures formation density, photoelectric factor (a lithology indicator), borehole diameter with MPS. The density data are used to calculate porosity and determine the lithology.

The ZDT-SH has a gamma ray source and two detectors. Magnetics shielding and high-speed electronics ensure excellent measurement stability. It records the full-pulse-height gamma ray spectra from both detectors.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature: Maximum Pressure Tool Diameter Minimum Hole Diameter Maximum Hole Diameter Make-up Length ZDT-SH EA ZDT-SH MA Weight ZDT-SH EA

ZDT-SH MA Maximum Logging Speed: Recommended Logging Speed Measuring Range Repeatability: Den Pe Absolute Accuracy: Den Pe Depth of Investigation (50%)

Measure Point: Short Spacing Long Spacing Wireline Requirements Line Utilization: Motoring AC power Signal **Operating Voltage & Current** Motoring Current Detector or Sensor Type Source Type Source Strength Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compression Force

Vertical Resolution

400°F (200°C) 8 hours 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) \* Radioactive source 30,000 psi 2.875 in. (73 mm) 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 11.0 in. (280 mm) 18 ft.-2.75 in. (5.56 m) 7 ft.-3.48 in. (2.22 m) 4 ft.-6.64 in. (1.39 m) 153 lbs. (69.3 kg) 56 lbs. (25.4 kg) 96.78 lbs. (43.9 kg) 60 ft./min (18 m/min) <30 ft./min (9 m/min) 1.3-3.0 g/cc

±0.015 gm/cc (from 2 to 3 gm/cc) ±0.2 B/e (absence of mudcake)

±0.025 gm/cc (2.0 to 3.0 gm/cc) ±0.3 B/e (1.3 to 6.0 B/e) 8.0 in. (203.2 mm) 5.5 in. (14 cm) given proper formation contrast above and below Zone of interest

1 ft.-2.38 in. (365.4 mm) 1 ft.-5.72 in. (450.2 mm) 7-Conductor Cable

1 & 4 CT to 2,3,5,6 CT (with MPS) 1 & 4 Modes 2 & 5 (Cablehead 2,3,5 & 6) 180 Vac @ 120 mA at cablehead 110 Vdc @ 40 mA (minimum)(with MPS) Scintillation Cs 137 2.5 Curies 28,000 lbs. 26,500 lbs.



- Powerful push for decentralization
- Allow super combo connection with Slim Hostile Logging tools
- Strong and improve safety operation
- Can put the radioactive tools on the upper position and week strength tools on the lower position.

#### Introduction

IDP-SH is working for super Combo Fullset logging, its density measurement pad is from ZDT-SH, the measurement of formation density and photoelectric factor are same like ZDT-SH. With IDP-SH connected on the tool string, it can push itself to make the pad touch the borehole and there is no need use MPS, also when we use IDP-SH connected to the Fullset tool string, the sonic and laterolog or induction tools can be connected below the tool string and make the super Combo Fullset logging more safe.

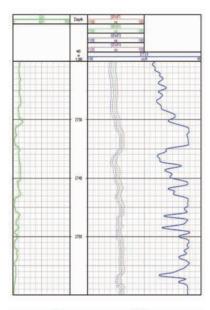
#### **Specifications**

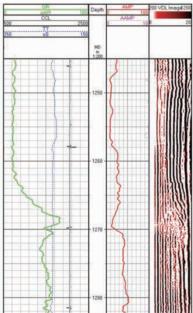
Maximum Temperature 400°F (200°C) 8 hours Maximum Pressure 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) **Tool Diameter** 3.78 in. (96 mm) Minimum Hole Diameter 4.5 in. (114.3 mm) Maximum Hole Diameter 17.5 in. (444.5 mm) Make-up Length 10.8 ft. (3.3 m) Shipping Length 12.4 ft. (3.8 m) Weight 335 lbs. (152 kg) Caliper 4.5 in.-17 in. H2S Qualified Yes 100,000 lbs. (45,360 kg) with pad retracted Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compressional Force 44,500 lbs. (20,185 kg)



#### **Applications**

- Compressional slowness Δt
- Cement Bond Logging (CBL) and Variable density logging (VDL)





#### Introduction

ACT-SH primary application for this service is measurement of compressional  $\Delta t$ . This tool was developed to provide high quality compressional  $\Delta t$  measurement with minimal operations investment in a relatively small physical tool package.

The ACT-SH-EA is compatible and simultaneously acquires up to 4 waveforms from 4 receivers. The ACT-SH-PA & MA is the portion of the Digital Acoustilog sonde which excites, receives and routes the acoustic signatures recovered by the tool.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure

Tool Diameter

Minimum Hole Size Maximum Hole Size Make up Length ACT-SH-FA ACT-SH-PA ACT-SH-MA Total Weight ACT-SH-EA ACT-SH PA & MA Logging Speed Absolute Accuracy Repeatability Vertical Resolution Power Requirements ACT-SH-EA & ACT-SH-PA Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compressional Force ACT-SH-MA Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compressional Force Modes: Command Data Transducer Type Receiver(s) Type Bandwidth Number Spacing Offset Transmitter(s)

Type Bandwidth Number Spacing Wireline Requirements 430°F (220°C) 8 hours 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) 30,000 psi (206.9 MPa) Advanced 2.875 in. (73 mm) 3.125 in. (79 mm) Advanced 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 12.0 in. (305 mm)

6 ft.-0.8 in. (1.85 m) 6 ft.-9.5 in. (2.07 m) 8 ft.-11.3 in. (2.73 m)

66.8 lbs. (30.3 kg), Estimated 175.7 lbs. (79.7 kg) 60 ft./min (18 m/min) max. +/- 0.5 microseconds +/- 1% 0.5 ft. (15.24 cm) Basic measurement 180 Vac @ 120 mA

100,000 lbs. 100,000 lbs.

12,000 lbs. 3,000 lbs.

mode 2 Mode 5 or Mode 7

Piezoelectric (monopole) Wideband (1-25 kHz) 4 6.0 in. (152 mm) 3.0 ft. (914 mm) min. 6.5 ft. (1.98 m) max.

Piezoelectric (monopole) Broadband (2-18 kHz) 2 2 ft. (0.6 m) 7-Conductor Cable



- Calculate the amount of cement
- Caliper Measurement
- Borehole geometry

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#### Introduction

Four independent arm caliper meter, is the engineering logging and logging data borehole environment correction essential tool. Four arm are respectively connected with four in dependent potentiometer, and the relative two points series get a diameter data, achieve accurate measure of hole diameter functions.

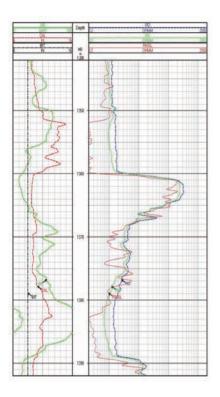
#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure **Tool Diameter** Minimum Hole Diameter Maximum Hole Diameter Make-up Length Shipping Length Weight Caliper Accuracy

Working Voltage: Motor power Supply: Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compressive Force

430°F (220°C) 8 hours 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) 2.875 in. (73 mm) 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 21 in. (533.4 mm) 11 ft.-1.98 in. (3.40 m) 12 ft.-6.43 in. (3.82 m) 30.9 kg The accuracy of the diameter from 3.5 to 21 in. is 2% 180 Vac 110 Vdc @ 40 mA 50,000 lbs. 8,000 lbs.

- Rt determination in conductive mud.
- Evaluate the water saturation.



#### Introduction

The DLT-SH tool measures formation resistivity and is designed primarily for use in boreholes filled with highly conductive drilling fluids. DLT-SH provides two resistivity measurements: a Shallow reading to investigate the formation near the borehole and a Deep reading to measure farther out where the formation is less disturbed by drilling fluids. These two readings are used to estimate the amount of hydrocarbon in a formation and the ease of recovering that hydrocarbon.

#### **Specifications**

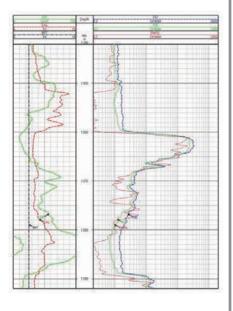
Maximum Temperature	430°F (220°C) 8 hours
Maximum Pressure	25,000 psi (172.4 MPa)
	30,000 psi (206.9 MPa) Advanced
Tool Diameter	2.875 in. (73 mm)
	3.125 in. (79 mm) Advanced
Minimum Hole Diameter	3.5 in. (88.9 mm)
Maximum Hole Diameter	16 in. (406.4 mm)
Make-up Length: (Electronics a	& Mandrel only)
	22 ft1.37 in. (6.74 m)
EA	10 ft2.84 in. (3.12 m)
MA	11 ft10.73 in. (3.63 m)
Shipping Length:	
Electronics	11 ft5.8 in. (3.5 m)
Mandrel	13 ft1.68 in. (4.01 m)
Weight:	
Electronics	118.6 lbs. (53.8 kg)
Mandrel	129.8 lbs. (58.9 kg)
Maximum Tensile Force	42,000 lbs.
Maximum Compressive Force	7,400 lbs.
Detector or Sensor Type	Electrode Array (Mandrel & Instrument Housings)
Maximum Logging Speed	60 ft./min (18.3 m/min)
Measurement Range	0.2 to 40,000 ohm⋅m
Mud Type/Range	Water based mud 0.015 ohm m to 3.0 ohm m
Accuracy	from 0.2 to 2000 ohm⋅m
	Greater of ±5% or 0.06 S-m;
	from>2000 to 40000 ohm.m
	Greater of ±5% or 0.025 S-m
Stability (at Max. Temp.)	5% of computed readings (with tool calibrated for
	internal CAL, ZERO after achieving and maintaining the
	maximum temperature)
Vertical Resolution	2 ft. (0.61 m), given proper formation contrasts above and
	below zone of interest
Radius of Investigation	Deep Standard Return Mode 55 in. (1.397 m)
	Shallow Standard 18 in. (0.457 m)
Measure Point	6 ft0.83 in. (1.85m) above matching point of black block
	of DLT-S.
Power Requirements	180 Vac/90 mA-120 mA
Wireline Requirements	7-Conductor Cable

Wicro Spherical Focused Laterolog Tool Geo-Vista -Slim Hostile (MSF-SH)



#### **Applications**

- Measure the flushed zone resisitivity
- Combination with dual laterolog tool, got deep, medium and shallow resistivity curve.
- Provide a basis for formation evaluation



#### Introduction

Micro Spherical Focused Laterolog Tool-Slim Hostile (MSF-SH) is applicable to medium-deep well logging with water-based mud (fresh water or brine), sand shale or limestone. In combination with dual laterolog, MSF-SH can effectively judge the oil, gas and water-bearing properties of formations.

MSF-SH measures more accurate flush zone resistivity (Rxo) with less mud cake and formation resistivity affect.

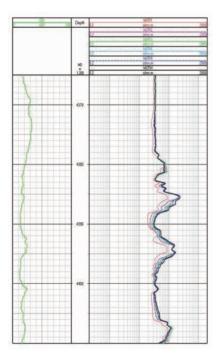
#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature 430°F (220°C) 8 hours Maximum Pressure 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) **Tool Diameter** 2.875 in. (73 mm) 3.625 in. (92 mm) at pad Minimum Hole Diameter 4 in. (101.6 mm) Maximum Hole Diameter 16 in. (406 mm) Make-up length 14 ft.-1.45 in. (4.30 m) MSF-SH-EA 7 ft.-5.93 in. (2.28 m) MSF-SH-MA 6 ft.-7.54 in. (2.02 m) Shipping length: MSF-SH-EA 8 ft.-8.88 in. (2.66 m) MSF-SH-MA 7 ft.-1.84 in. (2.18 m) Weight: MSF-SH-EA 92.6 lbs. (42 kg) MSF-SH-MA 94.4 lbs. (42.8 kg) Maximum Logging Speed 60 ft./min (18 m/min) Operating Voltage & Current: 180 Vac/35-40 mA at cablehead Rxo record range 0.2~2000 ohm·m Rxo measuring accuracy: ±1% with the range of 0.2 ohm·m-2 ohm·m ±5% within the range of 2 ohm·m-200 ohm·m ±10% or 5 mS/m within the range of 200 ohm·m-1000 ohm·m Caliper range 4 in.~16.54 in. (101 mm-420 mm) ± 5% within the range of 101 mm-420 mm Caliper accuracy Vertical resolution 200 mm Depth of investigation 3.94 in.~5.9 in. (100 mm~150 mm) Stability ≤10% drift within continuous four working hours of the tool Detector or Sensor Type Pad

# **Q** Array Induction Tool-Slim Hostile (AIT-SH) **Geo-Vista**

#### **Applications**

- Reservoir delineation
- Determination of Rt
- Determination of Sw
- Hydrocarbon identification and imaging
- Determination of movable hydrocarbons
- Invasion profiling
- Thin-bed analysis



#### Introduction

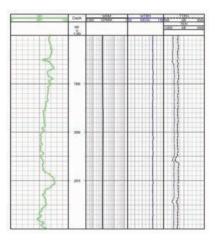
The AIT-SH uses multi-spacing and multi-frequency measurements to acquire a complete set of data from the formations surrounding the borehole. The multi-spacing measurements allow improved conductivity measurements in complex environments. The short-spacing measurements (as short as 6 in. spacing) allow improved correction for borehole, rugosity and invasion effects. The long-spacing measurements (up to 94 in. spacing) are useful in deep invasion situations. AIT-SH allows us to characterize invasion profiles, even in oil-based mud.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature 430°F (220°C) 8 hours Maximum Pressure 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) 30,000 psi (206.9 MPa) Advanced Tool Diameter 2.875 in. (73 mm) Advanced 3.125 in. (79 mm) Minimum Hole Diameter 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) Maximum Hole Diameter 20.0 in. (508 mm) Make-up Length (s) **Transmit Electronics** 6 ft.-7.37 in. (2.02 m.) Mandrel 18 ft.-10.38 in. (5.75 m.) 7 ft.-1.94 in. (2.18 m.) Electronics Total 32 ft.-7.69 in. (9.95 m.) Weight(s) Transmit Electronics 79.80 lbs. (36.2 kg) Mandrel 192.90 lbs. (87.5 kg) Electronics 86.20 lbs. (39.1 kg) Logging Speed(S) Recommended 30 ft./min Maximum 60 ft./min at 4 samples per ft. 100 ft./min at 2 samples per ft **Focused Conductivities** Apparent Vertical Resolution 1. 2. 4 ft. Depth(s) of Investigation 10, 20, 30, 60, 90, 120 in. Measurement Range 0.1 to 2,000 ohm m Measurement Accuracy (homogenous formation) 60, 90, 120 in. depth of investigation ±1 mS/m, ±2% of reading 30 in. depth of investigation ±2 mS/m, ±2% of reading 20 in. depth of investigation ±4 mS/m, ±2% of reading 10 in. depth of investigation ±10 mS/m, ±2% of reading Sample Rate (S) 4 samples per ft. (recommended) 2 samples per ft. (high speed) Power Requirements: **Operating Voltage & Current** 180 Vac, <200 mA Maximum Tensile Force 50,000 lbs. (22686.8 kgf) Maximum Compressive Force 5200 lbs. (in 14-in. hole)(2359.4 kgf) 6080 lbs. (in 12 1/4-in. hole)(2758.7 kgf) 10240 lbs. (in 8-in. hole)(4646.2 kgf) SENSORS 7 balanced 3-coil arrays, spacings 6-94 in. Data Transmission MGTS MODES Command Mode 2 Data Mappable: Modes 5 or 7 CALIBRATION ENVIRONMENT 10 ft. off ground 30 ft. from metallic materials



- Depth correction
- Detect and measure borehole temperature, mud resistivity (Rm) and external cablehead tension and compression forces at the top of the tool string



#### Introduction

The TTR-SH is a sub containing three types of transducers for measurement of cablehead tension/compression force, borehole temperature, and mud resistivity.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure Tool Diameter Minimum Hole Diameter Make-up Length Shipping Length Weight Maximum Logging Speed Measurement Range Cablehead Tension

Borehole Temperature Mud Resistivity Absolute Accuracy Cablehead Tension

Differential Cablehead Tension

Borehole Temperature Mud Resistivity Repeatability Cablehead tension

Borehole Temperature Mud Resistivity Wireline Requirements Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compressive Force 430°F (220°C) 30,000 psi (206.9 MPa) 2.75 in. (70 mm) 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 5 ft.-1.3 in. (1.56 m) 6 ft.-4.28 in. (1.94 m) 45.2 lbs. (20.5 kg) 100 ft./min (30 m/min)

0 to 12,000 lbs. Tension 0 to 10,000 lbs. Compression 32°F to 450°F (0°C to 230°C) 0.01 ohm·m to 10 ohm·m

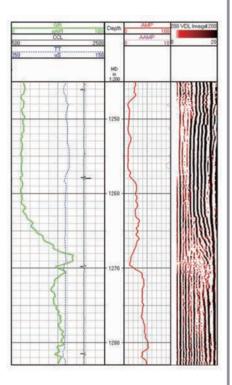
± 800 lbs. Tension ± 5% \* ± 800 lbs. Compression ± 5% \* ± 100 lbs. Tension ± 100 lbs. Compression ± 4°F ± 5% (2°C ± 5%) 0.01 ohm⋅m ± 5%

± 100 lbs. Tension ± 100 lbs. Compression ± 2°C ± 0.01 ohm-m 7-Conductor Cable 50,000 lbs. 18,000 lbs.

# Geo-Vista

#### **Applications**

- Depth Control
- Location of casing damage



#### Introduction

The CCL-SH measurement is based upon the principle that a changing magnetic flux within the tool sensor coil generates a voltage across the terminals of that sensor coil. The CCL signals indicate collars or joints characteristics in cased hole or metal pieces in openhole.

### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure Tool Diameter Minimum Hole Diameter Make-up length Shipping length Weight Source Type Sensor Type Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compressive Force 430°F (220°C) 30,000 psi (206.9 MPa) 2.75 in. (70 mm) 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 16 in. (406.4 mm) 1 ft.-10.42 in. (0.57 m) 3 ft.-1.38 in. (0.95 m) 25.05 lbs. (11.36 kg) Magnets Coil 100,000 lbs. 100,000 lbs.





It is used to connect 7-conductor cable and downhole tool string in logging construction

#### Introduction

It is used to connect 7-conductor cable and downhole toolstring in logging construction. It has the advantages of small type, easy connection in operation, simple maintenance and safe use, high efficiency and low cost.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature
Maximum Pressure
Tool Diameter
Minimum Hole Diameter
Maximum Hole Diameter
Make-up Length
Shipping Length
Weight
Maximum Tensile Force

430°F (220°C) 30,000 psi (206.9 MPa) 2.75 in. (70 mm) 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 16 in. (406.4 mm) 2 ft.-1.32 in. (0.64 m) 3 ft.-4.27 in. (1.02 m) 27.1 lbs. (12.3 kg) 100,000 lbs.



Increase the tool strings bending flexibility in the deviation well and horizontal well

#### Introduction

The FJS-SH is a downhole tool for an irregular well (with a non-straight line) in an open hole, which allows the bend to be produced in any direction, allowing the tools to be moved up and down freely in the well.

The FJS-SH is mounted in the middle of the tool string or the appropriate position.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature
Maximum Pressure
Tool Diameter
Minimum Hole Diameter
Make-up Length
Shipping Length
Weight
Maximum Deflection Angel
Maximum Tensile Force
Maximum Compressive Force

430°F (220°C) 29,000 psi (200 MPa) 2.75 in. (70 mm) 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 4 ft.-0.23 in. (1.23 m) 5 ft.-3.19 in. (1.61 m) 54.5 lbs. (24.7 kg) 10° 30,000 lbs. 5000 lbs.



- Avoid cable twisting and loosening
- Avoid the tool rotation when the cable is rotating, and enhance the reliability.
- Reduce the risk of cable head and tool string tripping when long tool strings connect.

#### Introduction

The Swivel Assembly allows different portions of the tool string to rotate independently. It allows unrestricted  $360^\circ$  rotation by means of an internal slip-ring assembly.

A swivel isolates an tool from the normal torque induced as the spiral-wound wireline is lowered into and pulled out of the well. This torque causes the tool string to rotat slowly-typically one or two rotations per 100 ft. (30 m) of depth for a seasoned line. Typically, this rotation does not cause any problems.

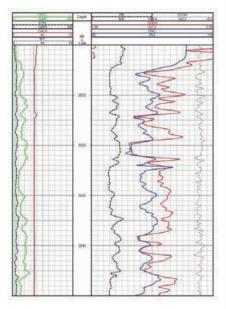
#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature	430°F
Maximum Pressure	29,000
Tool Diameter	2.75 in
Minimum Hole Diameter	3.5 in.
Make-up length	4 ft2.6
Shipping length	5 ft5.6
Weight	59.3 lb
Number of Conductors	10
Maximum Tensile Force	50,000
Maximum Compressive Force	50,000

430°F (220°C) 29,000 psi (200 MPa) 2.75 in. (70 mm) 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 4 ft.-2.64 in. (1.29 m) 5 ft.-5.62 in. (1.67 m) 59.3 lbs. (26.9 kg) 10 50,000 lbs. 50,000 lbs.



- Decentralizer
- Borehole geometry



#### Introduction

The motor push sub is a decentralizer for use with litho-density logging tool mandrel, it make the density measurement accuracy and measure the borehole caliper.

#### **Specifications**

**Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure Tool Diameter Minimum Hole Diameter Maximum Hole Diameter** Make-up Length **Shipping Length** Weight Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compressive Force **Motor Current Absolute Accuracy** 

430°F (220°C) 8 hours 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) 2.875 in. (73 mm) 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 11 in. (280 mm) 6 ft.-6.35 in. (1.99 m) 7 ft.-9.31 in. (2.37 m) 88.2 lbs. (40 kg) 49,000 lbs. 8,000 lbs. 110 Vdc @ 40 mA ± 0.30 in. (7.6 mm) from 6.0 to 11.0 in. (152.4 to 280 mm) 2.75 in. to 11 in. (70 mm to 280 mm)

**Caliper Range** 





Conjunction with the tool which require pressure isolation to prevent leakage.

#### Introduction

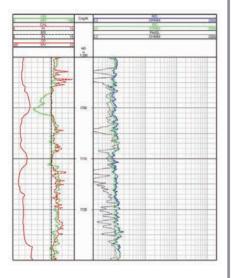
Pressure Isolation Sub-Slim Hostile (PIS-SH) is metal substructure with layer of fiberglass insulation meterial, it has few parts, easy to assemble, and typically located in the upper and lower ends of important tools to prevent leakage, this service is optional.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure Tool Diameter Minimum Hole Diameter Maximum Hole Diameter Weight Make-up length Shipping length Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compressive Force 430°F (220°C) 29,000 psi (200 MPa) 2.75 in. (70 mm) 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 16 in. (406.4 mm) 36.8 lbs. (16.7 kg) 1 ft.-10.68 in. (0.58 m) 3 ft.-1.60 in. (0.96 m) 100,000 lbs. 100,000 lbs.



- Provide the necessary 24 ft. length of electrical isolation required by deep laterologs to separate the wireline armor from the logging tool string housings.
- Use as an SP sub and remote electrode.



#### Introduction

The MIS-SH is designed as a substitute for long cablehead on deep laterolog jobs. It has a standard 31-Pin connector and 9 feedthru wires. The pressure housing is comprised of a fiberglass substructure with an outer layer of rubber coating. The MIS-S should typically be located in the tool string below the cablehead.

Two MIS-SH are combined together to provide the necessary 24 ft. length of electrical isolation between the wireline armor of tool string housings, as required for the deep laterologs. The middle field joint of the assembled MIS-SH's serves as an SP sub and remote

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure **Tool Diameter** Make-up Length Shipping Length w/Thread Protectors Tool Weight Wire Requirements **Operating Position** Hole Deviation Maximum Borehole Curvature Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compressive Force 8 in. diameter borehole 12 in. diameter borehole Isolation

400°F (200°C) 30,000 psi (206.9 MPa) 2.75 in. (70 mm) 12 ft.-8.64 in. (3.88 m) 14 ft.-1.08 in. (4.29 m) 62 lbs. (68.3 kg) 7-Conductor Cable Any Vertical to Horizontal 10 degree/100 ft. 31,000 lbs.

SP electrode

9,500 lbs. 6,000 lbs. >5 Meg Ohms-500 Vdc (at rated temperature)



Limit the length of the reflow electrode

#### Introduction

The ISS-SH is designed to meet field demand for a high mechanical strength mass isolator to be used in conventional and pipe conveyed logging applications. The pressure housing is comprised of a metal substructure with an outer layer of fiberglass insulation material. Electrical mass isolation occurs in a specially designed bottom sub. The ISS-SH should typically be located in the tool string upper the Dual Lateralog Tool-Slim Electronics and below the Micro Spherical Focused Laterolog Tool-Slim electronics.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature
Maximum Pressure
Tool Diameter
Minimum Hole Diameter
Maximum Hole Diameter
Make-up length
Shipping length
Weight
Maximum Tensile Force
Maximum Compressive Force

430°F (220°C) 29,000 psi (200 MPa) 2.75 in. (70 mm) 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 16 in. (406.4 mm) 1 ft.-8.76 in. (0.53 m) 3 ft.-1.2 in. (0.95 m) 30.42 lbs. (13.8 kg) 50,000 lbs. 50,000 lbs.



Use to conjunction with the tool which require centralization in the borehole

#### Introduction

The FCS-SH is an inline centralizer. The device is optional, but is intended to be run in conjunction with tool which require centralization in the borehole.

The FCS-SH consists of a central mandrel with integral upper tool joint, four Bow Spring Arms with replaceable wear plates, adjustable tension springs, and a Lower Sub.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature
Maximum Pressure
Tool Diameter
Minimum Hole Diameter
Maximum Hole Diameter
Make-up Length
Shipping Length
Weight
Maximum Tensile Force
Maximum Compressive Force

430°F (220°C) 29,000 psi (200 MPa) 2.75 in. (70 mm) 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 12 in. (304.8 mm) 5 ft.-1.26 in. (1.56 m) 6 ft.-4.22 in. (1.94 m) 55.2 lbs. (25 kg) 8,000 lbs. 50,000 lbs.





Use to conjunction with the tool which require decentralization in the borehole

#### Introduction

The DCS-SH is inline decentralizer. The device is optional, but is intended to be run in conjunction with tool which require decentralization in the borehole.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature
Maximum Pressure
Tool Diameter
Minimum Hole Diameter
Maximum Hole Diameter
Make-up Length
Shipping Length
Weight
Maximum Tensile Force
Maximum Compressive Force

430°F (220°C) 30,000 psi (206.9 MPa) 2.75 in. (70 mm) 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 16 in. (406.4 mm) 6 ft.-10.08 in. (2.09 m) 8 ft.-1.05 in. (2.47 m) 112.2 lbs. (50.9 kg) 49,000 lbs. 44,500 lbs.



- Conveyed downhole tools in high deviated, horizontal or hostile well by tubing or drilling pipe.
- High temperature, high pressure, high conductivity mud and high voltage.
- Simply structure and design for easy operation at wellsite.
- No need vacuum pump and circulation system.



#### Introduction

Pipe Conveyed Logging Tool is used to convey logging tools under deviation and horizontal well conditions, such as high temperature, high pressure, high conductivity mud of downhole to achieve the docking cable and instruments. PCL-H can remain unchanged in the conventional logging projects. The premise and guarantee the quality of measurement tasks to complete, it can be coring, repeat formation test, dip logging, perforating and so on. Using this system can not only measured by conventional logging the best information, but can also be micro-resistivity scanning operations. During the logging operation, can measure all standard measurements, with significant economic benefits.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature 400°F (200°C) Maximum Pressure 25000 psi (172.4 MPa) Plug Diameter 1.5 in. (38 mm) Contact Resistance <0.1 ohm Insulation Resistance >200 M ohm Max. Latch Deviation 909 Docking Locking Power 1000 lbs.-1200 lbs. 7-conductor Quick Change Assembly (PCL-H-QC) 3.54 in. (90 mm) Tool Diameter Shipping Length 3 ft.-7.44 in. (1.1 m) Weight 46.2 lbs. (21 kg) 7-conductor Socket Assembly (PCL-H-SA) Tool Diameter 1.57 in. (40 mm) Shipping Length 6.12 in. (0.15 m) Weiaht 1.1 lbs. (0.5 kg)

Pump-down Head Assembly (PCL-H-PH) 2.01 in. (51 mm) **Tool Diameter** Shipping Length 3 ft.-10.56 in. (1.18 m) Weight 16.06 lbs. (7.3 kg)

Support Sleeve (PCL-H-SS) **Tool Diameter** Shipping Length Weight Side Entry Sub (PCL-H-SE)

Tool Diameter

Weight

Shipping Length

3.95 in. (101 mm) 4 ft.-10.68 in. (1.49 m) 149.6 lbs. (68 kg)

2.875 in. TBG

3.5 in. (NC 38) 5 in. (127 mm) 4 ft.-2.4 in. (1.28 m) 195.8 lbs. (89 kg)

Offset Sub (PCL-H-OS) Tool Diameter 4.41 in. (112 mm) Shipping Length 3 ft.-2.28 in. (0.97 m) Weight 63.8 lbs. (29 kg)

Cross Offset Sub (Cross Decentralizer) (PCL-H-XO) **Tool Diameter** 5.51 in. (140 mm) Shipping Length 5 ft.-1.08 in. (1.55 m) Weight 129.8 lbs. (59 kg)

Sinker Bar (PCL-H-SB) Tool Diameter 1.69 in. (43 mm) Shipping Length 5 ft.-6.96 in. (1.70 m) Weight 26.4 lbs. (12 kg)

Cross Offset Sub (For Slimhole) (PCL-H-XS) **Tool Diameter** 4.69 in. (119 mm) Shipping Length 5 ft.-1.08 in. (1.55 m) Weight 121.25 lbs. (55 kg)

www.geovista.cn



5 in. (NC 50) 6.5 in. (165 mm) 5 ft.-3.24 in. (1.61 m) 182.6 lbs. (83 kg)

5 in. (NC 50) 6.5 in. (165 mm) 4 ft.-5.28 in. (1.35 m) 321.2 lbs. (146 kg)

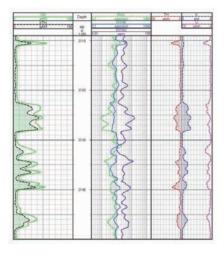
www.RenheSun.com

# Telemetry & Spectrolog Tool-Slim Hostile (TST-SH)



#### **Applications**

- Data control
- Lithology identification
- Measuring bed thickness



#### Introduction

TST-SH is a downhole telemetry and signal transmission tool, the main function is to be a relay for transmission channels and create a data transmission telemetry bus. TST-SH also obtain data from multiple sensors located inside and outside, including natural gamma ray, energy spectrum data and downhole temperature/tension/mud resistivity data from TTR-SH.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature

Maximum Pressure Tool Diameter Minimum Hole Diameter Maximum Hole Diameter Make-up Length Shipping Length Weight Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compressive Force Logging Speed Gamma Ray Energy Range Spectralog Measuring Range Maximum Measureable Quantity

Accuracy

Precision for standard shale

Number of Energy Channels Measure Point Power Requirements: **Operating Voltage & Current** Wireline Requirements

430°F (220°C) 1 hours 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) 30,000 psi (206.9 MPa) Advanced 2.875 in. (73 mm) 3.125 in. (79 mm) Advanced 3.5 in. (88.9 mm) 16 in. (406.4 mm) 9 ft.-0.12 in. (2.75 m) 10 ft.-3.08 in. (3.13 m) 75.85 lbs. (34.4 kg) 100,000 lbs. 100,000 lbs. 13 ft./min (4 m/min) 0.06 to 3.5 MeV

0.04 to 3.5 MeV Gamma Ray 2500 API Potassium 100 percent Uranium 250 ppm Thorium 700 ppm GR: ±3% of measured value K, U, & Th: ±4% of measured value (accuracy compares measured values with true values) K: 2 ± 0.26 percent U: 6 ± 0.88 ppm Th: 12 ± 1.78 ppm 256 1 ft.-7.2 in. (490 mm) from bottom of sub

180 Vac, 55 mA 7-Conductor Cable





 Provide a nominal 10 angular off-set while the adjacent tool are positioned against the sidewall

#### Introduction

The DKJ-SH is a compact universal ball joint with a limited degree of movement. It is used to add flexibility to the tool string. The device is optional.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature Maximum Pressure Tool Diameter Make-up Length Shipping Length Weight Maximum Tensile Force Maximum Compressive Force Maximum Deflection Angel 430°F (220°C) 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) 2.75 in. (70 mm) 61.28 in. (1.56 m) 77.7 in. (1.97 m) 75 lbs. (34 kg) 50,000 lbs. 20,000 lbs. 10°Nominal per knuckle joint





Provide a nominal 10 angular off-set while the adjacent tool are positionaed against the bore hole wall

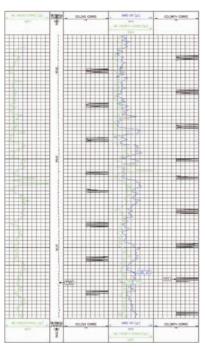
#### Introduction

The SKJ-SH is a compact universal ball joint with a limited degree of movement. It is used to add flexibility to the tool string. The device is optional.

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature
Maximum Pressure
Tool Diameter
Make-up Length
Shipping Length
Weight
Maximum Tensile Force
Maximum Compressive Force
Maximum Deflection Angel

430°F (220°C) 25,000 psi (172.4 MPa) 2.75 in. (70 mm) 3 ft.-1.63 in. (0.96 m) 4 ft.-6.05 in. (1.37 m) 50.7 lbs. (23 kg) 50,000 lbs. 20,000 lbs. 10°Nominal per knuckle joint



#### Depth measurement by CCL and Gamma Ray for perforating operation

#### Introduction

The SGR-1 is used with wire line perforating guns when very accurate depth control is required. The Gamma/CCL tool is physically attached to the top of a perforating gun after taking the measurement of distance from the ccl to the Gamma Ray measure point and the distance to the top shot in the gun. The assembly is then run into the well. After proper depth has been verified, the Gamma/Gun assembly is positioned opposite the zone to be perforated, and the gun may be fired with the Gamma Ray tool still on the line. Safety is achieved by normally powering the tool on a positive current and then switching to a negative current to fire the gun. A special safety firing circuit prevents the gun from being fired with the Positive polarity current. Different models of the tool may feature either a Scintillation detector or a Geiger Mueller detector with a special shock mounting designed to withstand the blast and shock of the perforator.

Gen\_Vista

#### **Specifications**

Maximum Temperature 350°F (175°C) for 20 hours Maximum Pressure 18,000 Psi (124 MPa) **Tool Diameter** 1.69 in. (43 mm) Minimum Hole Diameter 2.5 in. (63.5 mm) Make-up Length 7 ft.-9.94 in. (2.386 m) Shipping Length 8 ft.-9.75 in. (2.686 m) Weight 42 lbs. (19.1 kg) Recommended Logging Speed 20 ft./min (6 m/min) Maximum Logging Speed 30 ft./min ( 9 m/min) Curves Recorded Gamma Ray/ Sensitivity Approximately 1.3 counts/API unit Operating Voltage / Current 85 Vdc at 45 mA at cable head 0.84 in. X 6 in. Scintillation Detector Type Cable Type Single Conductor GR Uncalibrated correlation device only Accuracy Stability +/-15% of count rate over full temperature range Shock >1000 a Depth of Investigation 12.0 in. (304.8 mm) estimated for a 7.88 in. (200.2 mm) water-filled borehole Vertical Resolution 8.00 in. (203.2mm) given proper formation contrast Measure Point (GR) 18 in. (457.2 mm) from bottom sub Measure Point (CCL) 60 in. (1524 mm) from bottom sub Line Utilization GR & CCL: 1 & Armor H2S Qualified No Measure Point: Shock Sub Bottom to Shock Sub **GR** Detector Center 2 ft.-11.92 in. (0.912 m) Shock Sub Bottom to CCL Coil Center 6 ft.-6.72 in. (2.000 m) GR Detector Center to CCL Coil Center 3 ft.-6.84 in. (1.088 m)

# Conveyed & Fishing

# Geo-Vista

#### Pipe Conveyed Logging Tool-B (PCL-B)

The Pipe Conveyed Logging Tool-B (PCL-B) is used to provide assurance that the logging tools will be able to successfully survey the intended interval of the wellbore.



#### Pipe Conveyed Logging Tool-H (PCL-H)

Pipe convey logging system used in horizontal wells and the difficulty logging equipment, which can at high temperature, high pressure, high conductivity mud media of downhole to achieve the docking cable and instruments, the system can remain unchanged in the conventional logging projects The premise and guarantee the quality of measurement tasks to complete, it can be coring, repeat formation test, dip logging, perforating and so on. Using this system can not only measured by conventional logging the best information, but can also be micro-resistivity scanning operations. In the course of a logging operation, can measure all standard measurements, with significant economic benefits.



#### Advantages of Logging While Fishing (LWF)

- Get logging data under bad borehole situation during the fishing operation.
- Conventional operation on the wellsite like PCL (Pipe Conveyed Logging).
- Only need side-entry sub, torpedo & fishing equipment.
- Saves logging data after fishing operation.
- Provides a different logging choice under bad borehole situation.
- Saves drilling time.



#### Depth Measurement

We provide Coiled Tubing Logging (CTL) service. And manufacture adaptor from GVT cablehead and coiled tubing. It can help us connect GVT downhole tool with coiled tubing.

Also, we supply the depth measurement equipment for coiled tubing.







Marketing Manager Xujie Zhang Mobile: (+86) 13521254100 Email: zhangxj@renhesun.com

International Sales Manager Sharry Liu Mobile: (+86) 13911317865 Email: sharry@renhesun.com

Sales Manager Dr. Hong Mei Contact: +1 8323585168 Email: meihong@renhesun.com Address: 910 Chinquapin Place, Houston,Texas, USA 77094 Product Manager Hongai Zhang Mobile: (+86) 18911632096 Email: zhangha@renhesun.com

International Sales Director Chen Gang Mobile: (+86) 13817367599 Email: chengang@renhesun. com

Sales Manager Chen Hua Contact: +971 524515130 Email: chenhua@renhesun. com Address: View 18 Office No. 2102, Downtown Jabel Ali, Dubai, UAE